

I. CIRCLE the verb which agrees with the underlined subject.

EXAMPLE: Quintushabes
habeo
habetN.B. ego = I
tu = you

1. Ego dormit
dormis
dormio

4. Caecilius est vir.
es
sum

2. Tu Quintum voco
vocas
vocat

5. Tu sum laeta.
es
est

3. Ego est contentus.
es
sum

6. Puellam puer specto
spectas
spectat

II. TRANSLATE:

1. videt, _____ vident,

2. sum- _____ es - _____ est-

3. circumspecto, _____ circumspectamus-

4. stamus- _____ stat- _____ sto-

5. In tablinō scribo,

In hortō scribit,

III. CONJUGATE (give the verb forms) of the following verbs.

1) sto, stare, steti, status

2) teneo, tenere, tenui, tentus

PRESENT TENSE

Singular

Plural

Singular

Plural

(I) 1. _____ (we) 1. _____ 1. _____ 1.

(you) 2. _____ (you) 2. _____ 2. _____ 2.

(s/it) 3. _____ (they) 3. _____ 3. _____ 3.

REVIEW!!! (see page 52 for vocabulary) PREPOSITIONAL PHRASES.

Translate:

1. near the city- _____

6. with the merchant- _____

2. per urbem _____

7. into the wax _____

3. away from the city- _____

8. near the ring- _____

4. to the city- _____

9. by the judge- _____

5. on the ring- _____

10. in the court- _____

V. GIVE the meaning of the English words. They are derivatives from Latin words you have had. Use a dictionary, if necessary.

1. pecuniary- _____ 3. enumerate- _____

2. mercantile- _____ 4. urban- _____

Hints ↗

N.B. -o=I -s=you -t=h/s/it -mus=we -tis=you(pl) -nt=they